
3.2.4 AG Tests

Leakage Test

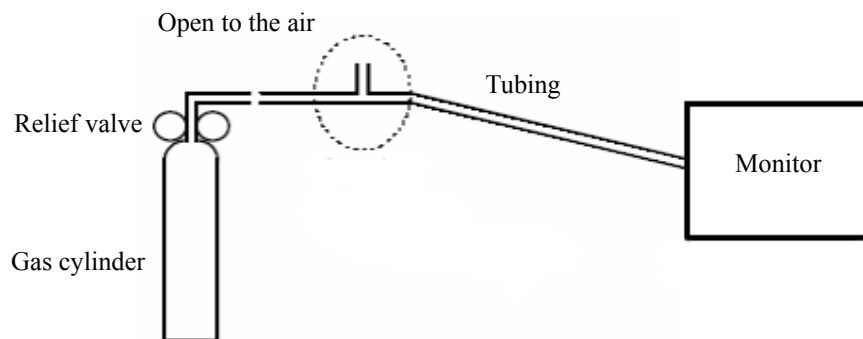
1. Plug the AG module into the module rack.
2. Wait for a minute until the AG module warmup is finished and then use your hand or other objects to completely block the gas inlet of the AG module. An alarm message [**AC Airway Occluded**] will be displayed.
3. Block the gas inlet for another 60 seconds. Then select [**User Maintenance >>**] → [**Maintain AG >>**] → [**Calibrate AG >>**] and check that the current flow rate is less than 10 ml/min. If the alarm message does not disappear, it indicates that the module does not leak.

Accuracy Test

Tools required:

- Gas cylinder with a certain standard gas (such as $6 \pm 0.05\%$ CO₂, Bal N₂), or standard gas mixture. Gas concentration should meet the following requirements : AA $\geq 1.5\%$, CO₂ $\geq 1.5\%$, N₂O $\geq 40\%$, O₂ $\geq 40\%$, of which AA represents an anesthetic agent (Des, Sev, Enf, Iso, or Hal). $a/c \leq 0.01$ (a is the gas absolute concentration accuracy; c is the gas concentration)
- T-shape connector
- Appropriate tubing

1. Plug the AG module into the module rack.
2. Wait for at least 10 min and then perform a leakage test to make sure the airway has no leakage.
3. Check if the fan inside the AG module works correctly.
4. Connect the test system as follows:



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- Adjust the relief valve and make sure the flowmeter reading is stable and within 10 and 50 L/min.
 - Check that the concentration of each composition meets the specification stated in the Operator's Manual.

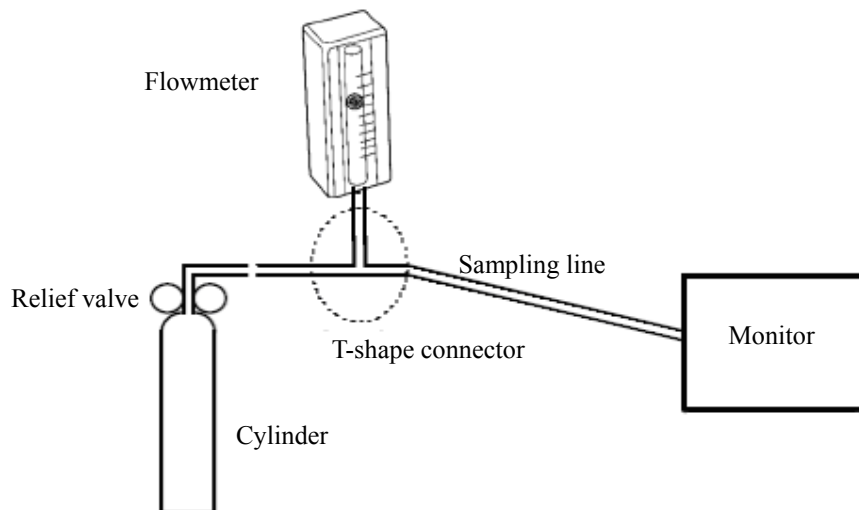
Calibration

Tools required:

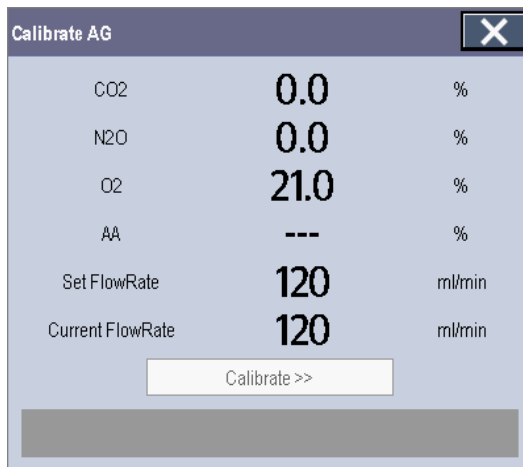
- Gas cylinder with a certain standard gas (such as $6 \pm 0.05\%$ CO₂, Bal N₂), or standard gas mixture. Gas concentration should meet the following requirements: AA $\geq 1.5\%$, CO₂ $\geq 1.5\%$, N₂O $\geq 40\%$, O₂ $\geq 40\%$, of which AA represents an anesthetic agent (Des, Sev, Enf, Iso, or Hal). $a/c \leq 0.01$ (a is the gas absolute concentration accuracy; c is the gas concentration)
- T-shape connector
- Appropriate tubing

Follow this procedure to perform the pressure calibration:

- Select [**Main Menu**]→ [**Maintenance >>**]→ [**User Maintenance >>**]→ enter the required password→ [**Calibrate AG >>**] to access the [**Calibrate AG**] menu.
- Check the airway and make sure that there are no occlusions or leaks.
 - ◆ Vent the sampling tubing to the air and check if the [**Current FlowRate**] and [**Set FlowRate**] are approximately the same. If the deviation is great, it indicates that there is an occlusion in the tubing. Check the tubing for an occlusion.
 - ◆ Check the airway and make sure that the airway has no leakage.
- Connect the test system as follows:



4. Open the relief valve and vent a certain standard gas or gas mixture. Then adjust the relief valve and make sure the flowmeter reading is stable and within 10 and 50 L/min.
5. In the [**Calibrate AG**] menu, the concentration and flowrate of each measured gas are displayed.
 - ◆ If the difference between the measured gas concentration and the actual one is very small, a calibration is not needed.
 - ◆ If the difference is great, a calibration should be performed. Select [**Calibrate >>**] to enter the calibrate menu.



6. Enter the vented gas concentration. If you use only one gas for calibration, set other gases' concentration to 0.
7. Select [**Start**] to start calibration.
8. If the calibration is finished successfully, the message [**Calibration Completed!**] is displayed. If the calibration failed, the message [**Calibration Failed!**] is displayed. In this case, perform another calibration.

 **CAUTION**

- **Calibrate the O₂ module, If it has been transported for long distance.**
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3.2.5 Preventative maintenance test report

Customer name	
Customer address	
Servicing person	
Servicing company	